SAKUMA EXPORTS PTE. LTD. (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Reg No: 201302691Z

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

The Directors present their report to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the period from 25 January 2013 to 31 March 2014.

1. Directors:

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this report are:-

MEESHAL AGARWAL
MALHOTRA SAURABH
CHANDER MOHAN
GROVER KARUNA VISHAL (appointed on 23.04.2014)

2. Arrangements to enable the director to acquire shares or debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the period was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object is to enable the director of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body Corporate.

3. Directors' interest in shares or debentures

The directors, who held office at the end of the period, had, according to the register of directors' shareholdings required to be kept under section 164 of the Companies Act, Cap.50, an interest in shares of the company or its related corporation as stated below:

	Direct interest		Deemed interest	
**	At the	At the	At the	At the
HOLDING CORPORATION-SAKUMA EXPORTS LIMITED	beginning of the	end of the	beginning of the	end of the
	period	period	period	period
MALHOTRA SAURABH	3,020,000	3,020,000	10,000	10,000
CHANDER MOHAN	1,388,965	1,417,289	3,310,000	3,310,000

4. Directors' contractual benefits

During the financial period, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or by a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which he is a member or with a Company in which he has a substantial financial interest other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

5. Share Options

No options were granted during the financial period to take up the unissued shares of the Company. No shares were issued by virtue of the exercise of options. There were no unissued shares under option at the end of the financial period

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

6. Independent Auditor:

The independent auditor M/s MGI N Rajan Associates, has expressed its willingness to accept re -appointment.

GROVER KARUNA VISHAL

DIRECTOR

On behalf of the board,

MEESHAL AGARWAL DIRECTOR

Singapore,

Date:

1 2 MAY 2014

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

In our opinion,

- a) the accompanying balance sheet, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with notes thereon, are drawn up in accordance with and comply with the Singapore financial reporting standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at 31 March 2014 and of the results of the business, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the financial period from 25 January 2013 to 31 March 2014.
- b) at the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

On behalf of the board,

MEESHAL AGARWAL

DIRECTOR

GROVER KARUNA VISHAL

DIRECTOR

Singapore,

Date:

1 2 MAY 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF SAKUMA EXPORTS PTE. LTD.

(Incorporated in Singapore)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sakuma Exports Pte. Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet of the Company as at 31 March 2014, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the period from 25 January 2013 to 31 March 2014 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting control sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorized and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss account and balance sheet and to maintain accountability of assets;

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedure selected depends on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2014 and the results, changes in equity and the cash flows of the company for the period ended on that date.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

1 2 MAY 2014

Date:

SINGAPORE.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

10, JALAN BESAR #10-12, SIM LIM TOWER, SINGAPORE 208787.

TEL: (065) 6293 8089/6293 8370 / 6293 8047 / 6293 0732 FAX: (065) 6293 5756 Email: soma@nra.com.sg Web: www.nra.com.sg

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

ASSETS	NOTE	US\$
NON CURRENT ASSETS Investment in Subsidiaries	5	1,500
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and Other Receivables	6 7	224,381 409,549 635,430
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accruals Due to holding company Provision for Taxation	8	12,873 594,155 1,394 608,422
NET ASSETS	-	27,008
EQUITY		
Share Capital Reserves	9	1,000 26,008 27,008
Total Equity	-	27,008

Statement of Comprehensive income for the period from 25 January 2013 (date of incoporation) to 31 March 2014

	NOTE	US\$
Sales		1,724,852
Cost of Sales	1.0	(1,674,515)
Gross Profit	-	50,337
Administrative and other		
Operating expenses		(22,935)
Profit for the period before tax	3	27,402
Tax expense	4	(1,394)
Net Profit for the period	-	26,008
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income		26,008

Statement of Changes in Equity for the period from 25 January 2013 (date of incoporation) to 31 March 2014

	Issued capital US\$	Accumulated Profit US\$	Total US\$
	1000	-	1,000
At the date of incorporation Total comprehensive income for the period	<u> </u>	26,008	26,008
Balance as at 31 March 2014	1000	26,008	27,008

Statement of Comprehensive income for the period from 25 January 2013 (date of incoporation) to 31 March 2014

	NOTE	
		US\$
Net Profit for the period		27,402
Operating Profit before working capital changes		27,402
Due to holding company		430,155
Other payable		12,873
Trade and Other Receivable		(409,549)
Net Cash inflow from operating activity		60,881
Cash Flow from Investing activities		
Advance for Investment		(1,500)
Cash used in Investing activity	•	(1,500)
Cash flow from financing activity		
Issue of shares		1,000
Share Application money received		164,000
Net cash flows from financing activity		165,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		224,381
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	6	224,381

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated as a limited liability company on 25 January 2013 and domiciled in the Republic of Singapore.

The principal activities of the Company are to carry on the business of General Wholesale Trade. The Company is trading in maize, sugar and other agricultural commodities.

The Company's registered office is located at 10 Jalan Besar, #10-12 Sim Lim Tower, Singapore 208787.

The financial statements of the Company for the period ended 31 March 2014 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on the date of the Statement by Directors.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (FRS) as required by the Companies Act. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards requires using of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial period. The Company has assessed that there are no estimates or judgements used that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year

2.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of goods is recognizes upon delivery and acceptance of goods. Other income is based on consideration received or receivable.

DIRECTORS' REPORT For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.3. Financial Assets

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables include "trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents" in the balance sheet.

These financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction cost and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. They are presented as current assets except for those maturing later than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are presented as non-current assets.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that these financial assets are impaired and recognises an allowance for impairment when such evidence exists. Allowance for impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

2.4 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables. Financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

2.5 Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

2.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has present legal or constructive obligations as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and balances with bank in current accounts.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

2.8 Currency translation

Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the company ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are prepared in United States dollars which is the functional currency of the Company.

Transactions and balances

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollars at rates of exchange closely approximating those ruling at balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at rates closely approximating those ruling at transaction dates. Exchange differences arising from such transactions are recorded in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise. However, where a foreign currency transaction is to be settled at a contracted rate or is covered by a related or matching forward exchange contract, the rate of exchange specified in the contract will be used and any corresponding monetary assets or liabilities will not be retranslated.

2.9 Income Taxes

Current income tax liabilities for current and prior periods are recognised at the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities, using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets/ liabilities are recognised for all deductible / taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and tax assets/liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when the deferred income tax assets /liabilities arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or expenses in the income statement for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised directly to equity.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

2.10 RELATED PARTY

A party is considered to be related to the Company if:-

- The party directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
- i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company;
- ii) has an interest in the Company that gives it significant influence over the Company; or
- iii) has joint control over the Company;
- b) The party is an associate;
- c) The party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- d) The party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or its parent;
- e) The party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in a) or d); or
- f) The party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly referred to in d) or e); or
- g) The party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Company, or of any entity that is a related party of the Company.

2.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised in the income statement as interest expense.

2.12 Share capital

Incremental external costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares, other than on a business combination, are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Share issue costs incurred directly in connection with a business combination are included in the cost of acquisition

2.13 Investment in Subsidiary

Subsidiaries are entities over which the company has power to govern the financial and economic policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the company controls another entity.

Investments in the subsidiaries are stated in the financial statements of the Company at cost less impairments losses. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

The subsidiaries' result has not been consolidated as the company is itself a wholly owned subsidiary of another company Sakuma Exports Limited, India which publishes the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

3. NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax

	US\$
Incorporation fees	1,179
Professional fees	3,144
Director Fees	8.000

4. TAX EXPENSE

INCOME TAX

0	US\$
Current tax expense	1,394
	1,394

The tax expense on the results of the financial year varies from the amount of income tax determined by applying the Singapore statutory rate of income tax on company's profit as a result of the following:

*	2014
Des Et III	US\$
Profit/I(loss) before taxation	27,402
Tax at statutory rate of 17%	4,658
Partial Stepped up Exemption	(2,666)
Corporate Tax Rebate	(598)
Tax expense	1,394

5. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has paid US\$ 1,500 to Sakuma Exports Tanzania Pvt Ltd towards Share Application money .The Shares has not yet been allotted and the commitment towards the shares subscribed has been given in Note 11 (a)

6. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at Bank	2.	US\$
at Bank		224,381

SAKUMA EXPORTS PTE. LTD.

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

of a company of the

US\$ Trade Debtors 317,221 Trade Advance

87,328 *Amount Due from Subsidiary 5,000 409,549

8. DUE TO HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate and ultimate holding company is Sakuma Exports Limited, a company incorporated in India. The amount due to holding company includes Share Application Money amounting to US\$ 164,000 and the balance amount due is trade balance which is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

Issued & fully paid up ordinary shares with no par value	No. of Shares	us\$
At the date of incorporation Issued during the year	1,000	1,000
Balance at end of the year	1,000	1,000

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development by issuing or redeeming equity and debts

The board of directors monitors its capital based on net debt and total capital. Net debt calculated as borrowings plus trade and other payables less cash and bank balance. Total capital is calculated as equity plus net debt. The Company is not subject to any externally

Net debt	US\$
Total equity	382,647
Total Capital	27,008
	409,655

^{*}The amounts due from subsidiary are non-trade, unsecured and receivable on demand.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

11. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

The Company has a firm commitment towards subscription of shares in the following Companies

Name of the Company	Number of Shares Subscribed	Value in Local currency	Value in USD
Sakuma Exports (Ghana) Limited	600,000	GHC 600,000	221,648
Sakuma Exports Tanzania Pvt Limited	237	TZS 237,000,000	141,993

12. FINANCIAL RISKS AND MANAGEMENT

The Company's overall policy with respect to managing risks associated with financial Instruments is to minimize the potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company. The policies for managing specific risks are summarized below:

a) Price risk

i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The company operates and sells its products in United States dollars and hence its exposure to movements in foreign currencies exchange rates is insignificant.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The company has no significant credit risk in respect of trade receivable.

Cash is held with financial institutions of good standing/ established financial institutions/ reputable financial institutions.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no interest-bearing financial instruments, hence, is not exposed to any movements in market interest rates.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk in which the Company is unable to meet its short term obligations and this arises from the possibility that customers may not be able to settle obligations within the normal terms of trade. Liquidity risk is managed by matching the payments and receipts cycle. Management is of the opinion that liquidity risk is minimal as the company has sufficient funds generated through operations to meet funding requirements.

All payables at the date of balance sheet mature within a year.

c) Cash flow risk

Cash flow risk is the risk that future cash flows associated with a monetary financial instrument will fluctuate in amount. The Company is not exposed to any cash flow risk as it does not have any monetary financial instruments with variable interest rates.

d) Fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the balance sheet approximates the carrying amounts of those assets and liabilities.

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Some of the Company's transactions and arrangements are with related parties and the effect of these on the basis determined between the parties is reflected in these financial statements. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following are related parties trading transactions during the financial period ended 31 March 2014 and were at terms and rates agreed between the parties.

2014

US\$

Purchases from Holding Company

430,155

DIRECTORS' REPORT

or the financial period from 25 January 2013 (Date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

4. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following new / revised FRSs, INT FRSs and amendments to FRS that are relevant to the company were issued but not effective:

Description	Effective annual periods beginning on or after	
FRS 110 Consolidated Financial Statements FRS 111 Joint Arrangements FRS 112 Disclosure of interests in Other Entities FRS 27 Separate Financial Statements FRS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Amendments to FRS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Notinancial Assets	1 January 2014 1 January 2014 1 January 2014	
	1 January 2014	
Amendments to FRS 110, FRS 112 and FRS 27: Investment Entities. Amendments to FRS 32 Offsetting financial Assets and financial Liabilities	1 January 2014 1 January 2014	
INT FRS 121 Levies	1 January 2014	

The initial application of these standards and interpretations, where applicable, are not expected to have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

15. COMPARATIVES

No comparatives are provided as this is the first financials for the period after incorporation of the company.

Detailed Comprehensive income statement For the period from 25 January 2013 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2014

to 31 March 2014	
	US\$
Revenue	1,724,852
Hoveries	(4.074.545)
Purchases	(1,674,515)
Gross Profit for the period Audit fee Bank charges Director Fees Discount Incorporation expenses Professional fees Rent	50,337 (4,000) (3,822) (8,000) (2,460) (1,179) (3,144) (330)
Net Profit for the period	27,402
Met Front for the believe	

(This does not form part of audited financials)